

**Approved by** 

# 深圳市勋瑞光电科技有限公司

Xunrui photoelectric technology (shenzhen) CO,.LTD.





CERT. No. QAC0946535 CERT. No. HKG002005

(ISO14001)

**Prepared by** 

## **Product Specification**

<b>Customer:</b>	
Model Name:	H028VQ40E3512-CT1
Date:	
Version:	
Preliminary Spec	cification
☐ Final Specification	on
For Customer's Acceptance	ce
Approved by	y Comment

Reviewed by



### 2. Revision Record

Date	Rev.No.	Page	Revision Items	Prepared
2017-03-23	V0		The first release	
2017-12-11	V1		Updated drawing	



## 3. General Specifications

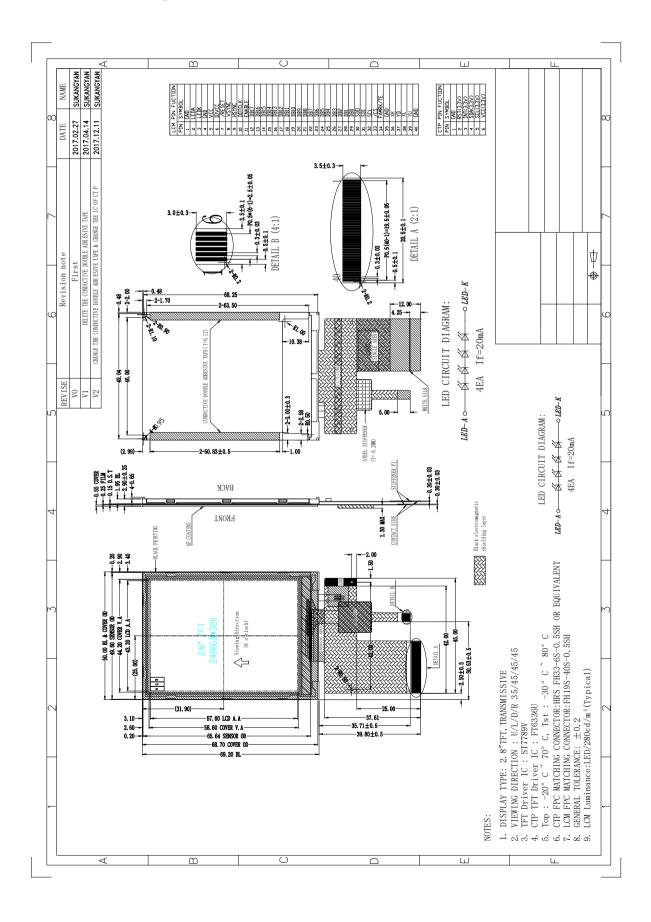
H028VQ40E3512-CT1 is a TFT-LCD module. It is composed of a TFT-LCD panel, driver IC, FPC, TP, a backlight unit. The2.8" display area contains 240 x 320 pixels and can display up to 262K colors. This product accords with RoHS environmental criterion.

Item	Contents	Unit	Note
LCD Type	TFT	-	
Display color	262K		
Viewing Direction	6	O'Clock	
Operating temperature	-20~+70	°C	
Storage temperature	-30~+80	°C	
Module size	Refer to outline drawing	mm	
Active Area(W×H)	43.20X57.60	mm	
Number of Dots	240×320	dots	
Controller	ST7789V	-	
Power Supply Voltage	2.8	V	
Outline Dimensions	Refer to outline drawing	-	
Backlight	4-LEDs (white)	pcs	
Weight		g	
Interface	RGB	-	



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## 4. Outline Drawing



## 5. Absolute Maximum Ratings(Ta=25°C)

### 5.1 Electrical Absolute Maximum Ratings.(Vss=0V ,Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage	VCI	-0.3	3.6	V	1, 2

#### Notes:

- If the module is above these absolute maximum ratings. It may become permanently damaged.
   Using the module within the following electrical characteristic conditions are also exceeded, the module will malfunction and cause poor reliability.
- 2. V<sub>CI</sub> >V<sub>SS</sub> must be maintained.

#### 5.2 Environmental Absolute Maximum Ratings.

ltem	Stor	age	Operat	Note	
item	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	Note
Ambient Temperature	-30°C	80°C	-20°C	70°C	1,2
Humidity	-	-	-	-	3

- 1. The response time will become lower when operated at low temperature.
- 2. Background color changes slightly depending on ambient temperature.

The phenomenon is reversible.

3. Ta<=40°C:85%RH MAX.

Ta>=40°C:Absolute humidity must be lower than the humidity of 85%RH at 40°C.



## 6. Electrical Specifications and Instruction Code

### 6.1 Electrical characteristics(Vss=0V ,Ta=25°C)

Paramet	ter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Power supply VCI		Ta=25°C	2.6	2.8	3.3	V		
Input	'H'	V <sub>IH</sub>	V <sub>CI</sub> =2.8V	0.8V <sub>CI</sub>	-	Vcı	V	
voltage	ltage 'L' V <sub>IL</sub>	Vci=2.8V	0	-	0.2Vcı	V		
Curren	ıt	I <sub>DD1</sub>	Normal mode	-	8	15	mA	1
Consump	Consumption IDD2		Sleep mode	-	-	0.1	mA	1

Note:

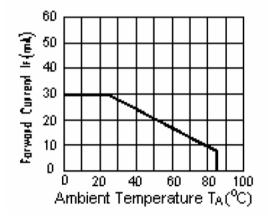
1: Tested in 1×1 chessboard pattern.

### 6.2 LED backlight specification(VSS=0V ,Ta=25°C)

ltem	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Supply voltage	Vf	If=20mA	ı	12	-	V	
Uniformity	∆ Вр	If=20mA	80			%	
Luminance for LCD (W/O TP)	Lv	If=20mA	-	350		Cd/m2	
Life for the LED	life	If=20mA	-	20000	-	hours	1

#### Note:

1: The"LED Life time" is defined as the module brightness decrease to 50% original brightness at T=25°C and  $I_{LED}$ =20mA. The LED Life time could be decreased if operating  $I_{LED}$  is larger than 20mA



ILED VS TEMP



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Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function			
1	GND	Р	Ground			
2	LED-A	Р	LED anode			
3	LED-K	Р	LED cathode			
4	GND	Р	Ground			
5	VCC	Р	Power Supply for logic			
6	IOVCC	р	Digital IO Pad power supply			
7	RESET	I	Reset signal			
8	VSYNC	I	Frame signal for interface operation			
9	HSYNC	I	Line signal for interface operation			
10	DOTCLK	I	Dot clock signal			
11	ENABLE	I	Data enable signal			
12-29	DB17-DB0	I	RGB Data input			
30	SDO	0	Serial output signal			
31	SDI	I	Serial input signal			
32	SCL	I	The serial interface clock			
33	/CS	I	Chip select inpuct pin			
34	FAMRK/TE	0	Effect output pin to frame writing			
35	GND	Р	Ground			
36	X+(XR)	0				
37	Y+(YD)	0	Touch PIN			
38	X-(XL))	0	TOUCH FIN			
39	Y-(YU)	0				
40	GND	Р	Ground			
CTP P	IN FUCTION					
1	GND	Р				
2	RST	I				
3	INT	I	Control of the CTP nine			
4	SDA	I	Control of the CTP pins			
5	SCL	I				
6	VCC	Р				



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Refer to ST7789V IC Specification.

```
6.5 Recommended Software Initialization
```

```
void LCD_Init(void)
  {
     unsigned char i;
    SPI_CS=0;
SPI_RES=1;
Delay(800);
SPI_RES=0;
     Delay(800);
     SPI_RES=1;
Delay(800);
SPI_WriteComm(0xb2);
SPI_WriteData(0x0c);
SPI_WriteData(0x0c);
SPI_WriteData(0x00);
SPI_WriteData(0x33);
SPI_WriteData(0x33);
 SPI_WriteComm(0xb7);
SPI_WriteData(0x64);
SPI_WriteComm(0xb8);
SPI_WriteData(0x2A);
SPI_WriteData(0x2B);
SPI_WriteData(0x22);
SPI_WriteData(0x75);
//-----ST7789V Power setting-----//
 SPI_WriteComm(0xbb);
SPI_WriteData(0x15);
 SPI_WriteComm(0xc0);
SPI_WriteData(0x2c);
 SPI_WriteComm(0xD2);
SPI_WriteData(0x4C);
 SPI_WriteComm(0xc2);
SPI_WriteData(0x01);
SPI_WriteData(0xFF);
```

```
SPI WriteComm(0xc3);
SPI_WriteData(0x0F);
 SPI_WriteComm(0xc4);
SPI_WriteData(0x20);
 SPI_WriteComm(0xc6);
SPI_WriteData(0x0f);
 SPI_WriteComm(0xd0);
SPI_WriteData(0xa4);
SPI_WriteData(0xa1);
  SPI_WriteComm(0xb0);
SPI_WriteData(0x11);
SPI_WriteData(0x00);
 SPI_WriteComm(0xb1);
SPI_WriteData(0x40);//40
SPI_WriteData(0x04);//00
SPI_WriteData(0x14);//00
//-----ST7789V gamma setting-----//
 SPI_WriteComm(0xe0);
SPI_WriteData(0xF0);
SPI_WriteData(0x02);
SPI_WriteData(0x06);
SPI_WriteData(0x0C);
SPI_WriteData(0x0B);
SPI_WriteData(0x1A);
SPI_WriteData(0x35);
SPI_WriteData(0x55);
SPI_WriteData(0x47);
SPI_WriteData(0x2D);
SPI_WriteData(0x17);
SPI_WriteData(0x14);
SPI_WriteData(0x19);
SPI_WriteData(0x23);
 SPI_WriteComm(0xe1);
SPI_WriteData(0x0F);
SPI_WriteData(0x02);
SPI_WriteData(0x06);
SPI_WriteData(0x0C);
SPI_WriteData(0x0B);
SPI_WriteData(0x1A);
SPI_WriteData(0x35);
SPI_WriteData(0x55);
```



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```
SPI_WriteData(0x47);
SPI_WriteData(0x2D);
SPI_WriteData(0x17);
SPI_WriteData(0x14);
SPI_WriteData(0x19);
SPI_WriteData(0x23);
SPI_WriteComm(0xe9);
SPI_WriteData(0x08);
SPI_WriteData(0x08);
SPI_WriteData(0x08);
//----display and color format setting-----//
 SPI_WriteComm(0x36);
SPI_WriteData(0x00);
 SPI_WriteComm(0x3a);
SPI_WriteData(0x66);
 SPI_WriteComm(0x11);
Delay(120); //Delay 120ms
 SPI_WriteComm(0x29);
Delay(120); //Delay 120ms
```

## 7. Optical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Brightness (With TP)	Вр	<i>θ</i> =0° Φ=0°	-	350	-	Cd/m <sup>2</sup>	1



## 7. Optical Characteristics

Item	Sy	mbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Brightness (With TP)		Вр	<i>θ</i> =0° Φ=0°	-	350	-	Cd/m <sup>2</sup>	1
Uniformity	_	1Вр		80	-	-	%	1,2
	3	:00		-	65	-		
Viewing	6	:00	0:>40	-	65	-		
Angle	9	:00	Cr≥10	-	65	-	Deg	3
	12	2:00		-	55	-		
Contrast Ratio		Cr	<i>θ</i> =0°	300	500		-	4
Response		Tr	θ=0°	-	10	-	ms	5
Time		T <sub>f</sub>		-	10	-	ms	
	W	х			0.33		-	
	VV	у			0.39		-	
	R	х			0.51		-	
Color of CIE	K	у			0.34		-	
Coordinate	G	х	<i>θ</i> =0° Φ=0°		0.31		-	1,6
	G	у	Ψ=0°		0.56		-	
	P	х			0.15		-	
	B - y	у			0.14		-	
NTSC Ratio		S		50	60	-	%	

Note: The parameter is slightly changed by temperature, driving voltage and materiel

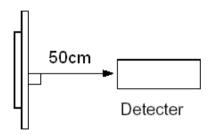
Note 1: The data are measured after LEDs are turned on for 5 minutes. LCM displays full white. The brightness is the average value of 9 measured spots. Measurement equipment PR-705 (Φ8mm)

#### Measuring condition:

- Measuring surroundings: Dark room.
- Measuring temperature: Ta=25°C.
- Adjust operating voltage to get optimum contrast at the center of the display.

Measured value at the center point of LCD panel after more than 5 minutes while backlight turning on.



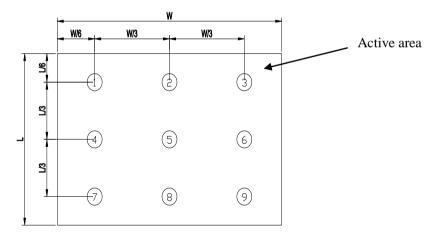


Note 2: The luminance uniformity is calculated by using following formula.

$$\triangle$$
 Bp = Bp (Min.) / Bp (Max.)×100 (%)

Bp (Max.) = Maximum brightness in 9 measured spots

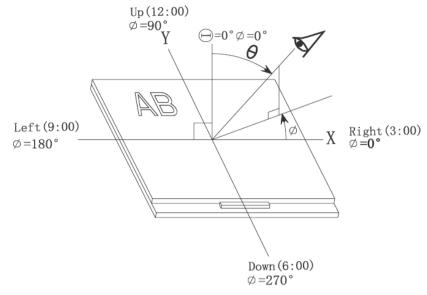
Bp (Min.) = Minimum brightness in 9 measured spots.



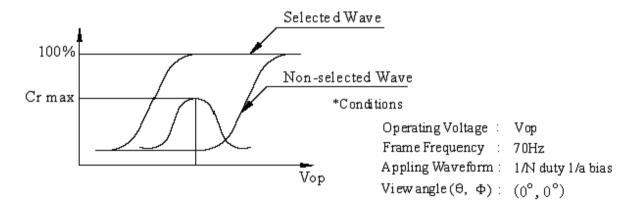
Note 3: The definition of viewing angle: Refer to the graph below marked by  $\theta$  and  $\Phi$ 



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Note 4: Definition of contrast ratio.( Test LCD using DMS501)



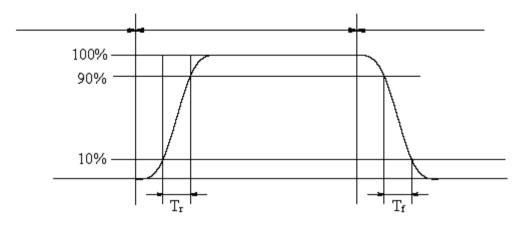
$$Contrast \ ratio(Cr) = \frac{Brightness \ of \ selected \ dots}{Brightness \ of \ non-selected \ dots}$$

Note 5: Definition of Response time. (Test LCD using DMS501):

The output signals of photo detector are measured when the input signals are changed from "black" to "white" (falling time) and from "white" to "black" (rising time), respectively. The response time is defined as the time interval between the 10% and 90% of amplitudes. Refer to figure as below.

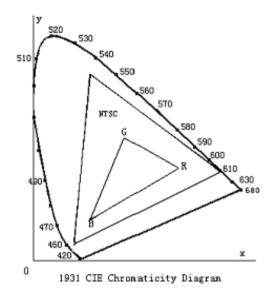


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The definition of response time

Note 6: Definition of Color of CIE Coordinate and NTSC Ratio.

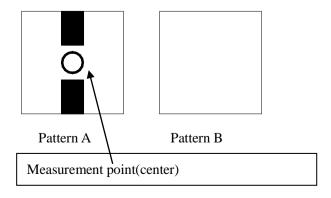


**Color gamut:** 

$$S = \frac{area\ of\ RGB\ triangle}{area\ of\ NTSC\ triangle} \times 100\%$$

Note 7: Definition of cross talk.

Cross talk ratio(%)=| pattern A Brightness-pattern B Brightness | /pattern A Brightness\*100



Electric volume value=3F+/-3Hex

## 8. Reliability Test Items and Criteria

No	Test Item	Test condition	Criterion	
1	High Temperature Storage	80°C±2°C 96H  Restore 2H at 25°C  Power off		
2	Low Temperature Storage	-30°C±2°C 96H  Restore 2H at 25°C  Power off		
3	High Temperature Operation	70°C±2°C 96H  Restore 2H at 25°C  Power on	After testing,     cosmetic and electrical     defects should not     happen.	
4	Low Temperature Operation	-20°C±2°C 96H  Restore 4H at 25°C  Power on	2. Total current consumption should not be more than twice of initial value.	
5	High Temperature/Humidity Operation	60°C±2°C 90%RH 96H Power on		
6	Temperature Cycle	-30°C		
7	Vibration Test	10Hz~150Hz, 100m/s², 120min	Not allowed cosmetic	
8	Shock Test	Half- sine wave,300m/s <sup>2</sup> ,11ms	and electrical defects.	

Note: Operation: Supply 2.8V for logic system.

The inspection terms after reliability test, as below

ITEM	Inspection
Contrast	CR>50%
IDD	IDD<200%
Brightness	Brightness>60%

Color Tone Color Tone+/-0,05

### 9 Quality level

#### 9.1 Classification of defects

Major defects (MA): A major defect refers to a defect that may substantially degrade usability for product applications, including all functional defects(such as no display, abnormal display, open or missing segment, short circuit, missing component), outline dimension beyond the drawing, progressive defects and those affecting reliability.

Minor defects (MI): A minor defect refers to a defect which is not considered to be able to substantially degrade the product application or a defect that deviates from existing standards almost unrelated to the effective use of the product or its operation, such as black spot, white spot, bright spot, pinhole, black line, white line, contrast variation, glass defect, polarizer defect, etc.

#### 9.2 Definition of inspection range

For dot defect of TFT LCD which is not smaller than 3 inches, dividing three areas to make a judgment (according to figure 1).

A area: center of viewing area

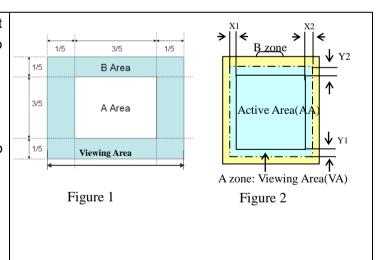
B area: periphery of viewing area

C area: Outside viewing area

For other defects, dividing two areas to make a judgment (according figure 2).

A zone : Inside Viewing area

B zone : Outside Viewing area



#### 9.3 Inspection items and general notes

inspected from this direction)

	Should any defects which are not specified in this standard happen, additional standard shall				
General notes	be determined by mutual agreement between customer and TIANMA.				
	Viewing area should be the area which TIANMA guarantees.				
	Limit sample should be prior to this Inspection standard.				
	Viewing judgment should be under static pattern.				
	Inspection conditions				
	Inspection distance: 250 mm (from the sample)  Temperature : 25±5 °C				
	Inspection angle : 45 degrees in 6 o'clock direction (all defects in viewing area should be				

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	Pinhole, Bright spot, Black spot, White spot, Black line, White Line, Foreign particle, Bubble	The color of a small area is different from the remainder. The phenomenon doesn't change with voltage		
	Contrast variation	The color of a small area is different from the remainder.  The phenomenon changes with voltage		
Inspection	Polarizer defect	Scratch, Dirt, Particle, Bubble on polarizer or between polarizer and glass		
items	Dot defect (TFT LCD)	The pixel appears bright or dark abnormally when display		
	Functional defect	No display, Abnormal display, Open or missing segment Short circuit, False viewing direction		
	Glass defect	Glass crack, Shaved corner of glass, Surplus glass		
	PCB defect	Components assembly defect		

## 9.4 Outgoing Inspection level

Outgoing Inspection	Inspection conditions	Inspection				
standard	inspection conditions		Max.	Unit	IL	AQL
Major Defects	See 9.3 general notes	See 9.5		Ш	0.65	
Minor Defects See 9.3 general notes		See 9.5			Ш	0.65
Note: Sampling standard conforms to GB2828						

## 9.5 Inspection Items and Criteria

Inspection items			Judgment standard				
			Cotogony		Acceptable number		
				Category	A zone	B zone	
	Black spot, White			Ф<=0.10	Neglected		
	spot, Pinhole, Foreign	e, Foreign e, Particle on TFT Scratch on $b$ $a$ $\Phi=(a+b)/2(m)$	В	0.10<Ф<=0.3	2		
1 Pir	Particle, Particle		С	0.3<Ф<=0.4	1	Neglected	
			D	0.4<Ф	0		
	TTT glass		Тс	otal defective point(B,C)	1		
	Black line, White line, and Particle	4	Α	W<=0.02	Neglected		
2	Between Polarizer and TFT glass, Scratch on TFT glass	etween olarizer and Width	В	0.02 <w<=0.03 L&lt;=1.0</w<=0.03 	1	Neglected	
		L:Length(mm)	С	0.03 <w<=0.05 L&gt;1.0</w<=0.05 	0		

			D	0.05 <w, 1.0<l<="" th=""><th>0</th><th></th></w,>	0			
			Total defective point(B,C)		1			
3	Bright spot		any size		none	none		
				Ф<0.2	Neglected			
		$\begin{array}{ c c } \hline \\ \end{array}$	В	0.2<Ф<=0.3	2	Neglecte		
4	Contrast variation		С	0.3<Ф<=0.4	1	d		
	variation	$\Phi = (a+b)/2(mm)$	D	D 0.4<Φ 0				
				tal defective point(B,C)	3			
5	Bubble inside cell			any size	none	none		
	Polarizer defect	Scratch ,damage on polarizer, Particle on polarizer or between polarizer and TFT glass.	Re	fer to item 1 and item 2.				
6	(if Polarizer is used)	Bubble, dent and convex		Ф<=0.1	Neglected			
				0.1 <Ф<=0.3	1	Neglecte d		
			С	0.3 <Ф	0			
	Surplus	Stage surplus glass	B<=0.3mm  Should not influence outline dimension and assembling					
7	glass	Surrounding surplus glass						
8	Open segment or open common			Not permitted				
9	Short circuit			Not permitted				
10	False viewing direction			Not permitted				
11	Contrast ratio uneven			According to the limit specimen				
12	Crosstalk			According to the limit specimen				
13	Black /White spot(display)			Refer to item 1				

		Judgment standard			
	Inspection items			Category(application: B zone)	Acceptable number
		i )The front of lead terminals	Α	a≤ t, b≤1/5W, c≤3mm	
	Glass defect crack	b c	В	Crack at two sides of lead terminals should not cover patterns and alignment mark	
		ii )Surrounding the seal outer border line of the seal outer border line of the seal	b < Inner borderline of the seal		Max.3
15		iii) Surrounding ck- contact side  t  Inner border line of the seal  Outer border line of the seal	b <	c Outer borderline of the seal	defects allowed
		iv)Corner	Α	$a \le t$ , $b \le 3.0$ , $c \le 3.0$	
		w b c		Glass crack should not cover patterns u and alignment mark and patterns.	

Inspection items			Judgment standard			
mopodion nome			Category(application: B zone)			
		Component soldering: No cold soldering, short, open circuit, burn, tin ball The flat encapsulation component position deviation must be less than 1/3 width of the pin (Pic.1); the sheet component deviation: Pin deviates from the pad and contact with the near components is not permitted (Pic.2) lead defect: The lead lack must be less than 1/3 of its width; The lead burn must be less than 1/3 of the seam; Impurities connect with the near leads is not permitted	Component Soldering pad Lead Lead L1>0			
16	PCB defect	Connector soldering: Soldering tin is at contact position of the plug and socket is not permitted No foundation is scald Serious cave distortion on plug and socket contact pin is not permitted	Soldering tin is not permit in this area  Soldering tin is not permit in this area  Socket  Base Board			
		Glue on root of the speaker receiver and motor lead: The insulative coat of the lead must join into the PCB; the protected glue must envelop to the insulative coat.	Glue Lead PCB Insulative coat			

#### 10. Precautions for Use of LCD Modules

#### **10.1 Handling Precautions**

- 10.1.1 The display panel is made of glass. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it from a high place, etc.
- 10.1.2 If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance inside it leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth, if the substance comes into contact with your skin or clothes, promptly wash it off using soap and water.
- 10.1.3 Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary.
- 10.1.4 The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully.
- 10.1.5 If the display surface is contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If still not completely clear, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents:
  - Isopropyl alcohol
  - Ethyl alcohol

Solvents other than those mentioned above may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following:

- Water
- Ketone
- Aromatic solvents
- 10.1.6 Do not attempt to disassemble the LCD Module.
- 10.1.7 If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.
- 10.1.8 To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.
  - a. Be sure to ground the body when handling the LCD Modules.
  - b. Tools required for assembly, such as soldering irons, must be properly ground.
  - c. To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembly and other work under dry conditions.

d. The LCD Module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Be care when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated.

### 10.2 Storage precautions

- 10.2.1 When storing the LCD modules, avoid exposure to direct sunlight or to the light of fluorescent lamps.
- 10.2.2 The LCD modules should be stored under the storage temperature range.

  If the LCD modules will be stored for a long time, the recommend condition is:

Temperature :  $0^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 40^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Relatively humidity: ≤80%

- 10.2.3 The LCD modules should be stored in the room without acid, alkali and harmful gas.
- 10.3 The LCD modules should be no falling and violent shocking during transportation, and also should avoid excessive press, water, damp and sunshine.

## 11.Packing